

FRIDAY, MAY 19, 1876.

DISTRICT COURT.

The following among other proceedings have been had in the District Court so far:

The Court met May 1st. Wm. Wilkerson, Court Commissioner and Clerk and Ed. F. Bowers, Sheriff, but the Judge being absent court was adjourned from day to day until May 8th, when Judge Charles A. Tweed arrived and opened court in the afternoon.

Murat Masterson and F. L. B. Goodwin were on motion and the presentation of proofs of having been admitted to practice elsewhere were used to practice law in this court.

James Condren was admitted to citizenship.

May 9th.—Judgment and decree of foreclosure of mortgage rendered in favor of Camillo Castillo and against Wm. Banning.

May 10.—Samuel Hamilton, on motion, presentation of proper proofs, etc., admitted to practice law in this court.

James Monroe Sanford was admitted to citizenship on papers transmitted from the District Court of Sacramento county, California, showing the filing of a declaratory statement several years ago in that court, the certificate of which was lost.

Leon Cordier and Leon Laymaria were also admitted to citizenship.

The suit of Behan vs Hazeltine was dismissed by consent of Council, at Plaintiff's cost.

Francis E. Shireff was granted a divorce from William Shireff.

May 11.—John Ryan, indicted by the Grand Jury for highway robbery was found guilty as charged.

Elizabeth A. Ganz was granted a divorce from Emil Ganz.

George Bundy indicted as an accomplice of Ryan was acquitted by the jury.

Thomas Burke was admitted to citizenship.

May 13.—John Hoover, indicted for stealing harness and saddle from C. B. Foster was found guilty of grand larceny.

Martha Stebbins was granted a divorce from John Stebbins.

Joseph Sandon was admitted to citizenship.

May 17.—W. A. Smith indicted for assaulting Wesley Herman with a deadly weapon, etc. Jury disagreed and District Attorney entered nolle prosequi.

James Melone and Leopold — indicted by the U. S. Grand Jury for the murder of Lawler at Fort Mohave, were arraigned. E. B. Pomroy for prosecution. Masterson and Goodwin for Leopold and Alsap and Oury for Melone. They each took the statutory time to plead.

THE FOURTH OF JULY.—If we cannot have a real old fashioned barbecue, such as our fathers and mothers were wont to indulge in at each recurring anniversary of American Independence, let us at least signalize the one hundredth return of the day by meeting together, reading the Declaration of Independence and hearing from some one or more of the gifted orators in our midst. An oration suitable to the time and occasion with music, dancing or whatever demonstrations may be most agreeable and effective in showing those who are to come after us that we were glad the government had lived a hundred years. Without prejudice to other eloquent gentlemen, we confess that personally we should be much pleased to hear Judge F. L. B. Goodwin talk on that occasion.

By a humane provision of the law defendants in criminal cases are allowed to come upon the stand and swear in their own defense, the jury to be the judges, as in all other cases, of the credibility of the witness. The accused is not bound to criminate himself, but this does not absolve him from the penalty of the law of perjury provided he swears falsely. The opportunity to swear falsely in order to escape punishment has tempted prisoners to take advantage of it, and thus defeat the end for which the law was enacted, that of allowing the innocent to explain the circumstances which have led to their accusation. Judge Tweed suspecting defendants at this term to have sworn falsely has called for a second grand jury to investigate the matter.

HASN'T COME.—Notwithstanding the poor pay attached to the office of U. S. Marshal that officer should perform its duties faithfully or give it up. We understand that there has never been a dollar disbursed in this County in payment of U. S. Grand Jurors nor other U. S. Court expenses, and that there is much scrip in the hands of our people. Some of it of several years standing, which it is the duty of the Marshal to pay, and that it is his province to make a requisition for the amount outstanding in his department, and pay it out to the parties entitled to it. The District Judge, U. S. District Attorney and Deputy Marshal have each assured us that the Marshal promised to be present at this term of court with cash to liquidate these little deficiencies, but as yet he has not put in an appearance.

If the editor of the Owyhee Avalanche had seen Mat Bledsoe on Saturday last loading those mules at Anders & Rowe's store, and starting out to the Peck mine with them he would not have written so flippantly, perhaps, of the manner of his death as he did in the issue of April 26th, of that paper. The statement that "he was killed in a saloon in Prescott, turned up his toes and died with his boots on" is entirely gratuitous as nothing has occurred in Prescott to afford a pretext for any such report.

LETTER FROM PHOENIX.

EDITOR MINER:—In these latter days the District Court was holden in Phoenix, terminating on the 5th of the present month, over which Court the venerable Judge Tweed presided. As I was not a party before the said Court, I will assume the office of reporter.

I notice the case of the Territory vs. Louis Davis, for an assault upon W. H. Drum. The person assaulted ran away, so as not to appear before the Court as a witness, he being bribed by the defendant in the case. Phoenix desiring the presence of this vagrant who has been warned away from most of the towns of this Territory, the Court sent its process to Florence by telegraph, and by its noble efforts arrested the fugitive from justice, who was brought back by one of the noble officers of this county and lodged in jail in Phoenix, where he was kept, with his wife, who was also a witness in the case, during the term of the Court, the tax-payers of Maricopa county paying for their support and the cost of their arrest and transportation from Florence.

As soon as Drum was put upon the stand his evidence was impeached, as every one anticipated; which makes great cost to Maricopa county tax-payers. Drum, on account of his flight from the process of the Court, was fined by the Hon. Judge Tweed the sum of two hundred and fifty dollars. The same fine might as well have been on a fly or beetle with as good hopes of collection. The defendant in this case was fined four hundred and fifty dollars for striking the vagrant Drum.

The next important case was one where a cyprian had assaulted one of her own kind, both Mexicans. The case had been tried in a Justice's Court and dismissed without fine; but our irascible and insatiable Prosecuting Attorney so worked the case up before the Grand Jury, that he secured a bill, the result of which was that the defendant was fined two hundred and fifty dollars. Our Prosecuting Attorney, enlivened by his brilliant success in this, his last case, caused the convening of a second Grand Jury; all of which adds to the shrinkage of the pocket-books of the tax-payers of Maricopa county.

This new Grand Jury, by some remarkable means provided by the District Attorney, found out that it was possible for a lot of Mexican cyprians to swear to a lie, the consequence of which is (the Court not having time to try the case), Maricopa county has four bawdy prisoners to keep until its next term, which is held in September next, all of which comes out of the pockets of the honest tax-payers of Maricopa county, through the heroic efforts of our noble District Attorney.

Phoenix, A. T., May 8, 1876.

REPORT OF THE GRAND JURY.

Third Judicial District Court, May term, 1876
—Judge C. A. Tweed, presiding.

The Grand Jury of Yavapai County, Territory of Arizona, for the May term of 1876, respectfully report:

That they have faithfully acted upon such business as was brought to their notice by the District Attorney, and have devoted all reasonable time to such other matters pertaining to the welfare of the County, as was brought to their attention. In accordance with the recommendation of his Honor Judge Tweed, we have visited the County buildings, inquiring into their condition, and the books and accounts of the offices connected therewith.

The county jail appears to be clean and comfortable so far as circumstances will allow. The fence around the jail, we find to be decayed and worthless, and in its construction calculated to aid the escape of prisoners. The cells we find to be unsafe and unhealthy—such state arising from the decayed condition of the walls. The cells being too few and contracted in size for the number of prisoners confined: Wherefore, the Grand Jury do most earnestly recommend that steps be immediately taken for the construction of a new, substantial, and well ventilated jail.

We find that some relaxation from strict custody has been allowed, when dictated by the condition or good conduct of the prisoner, and so far as known, with commendable results. The freezing condition of the cells in winter and their closeness and unavoidable impurity in summer, have induced the Sheriff to grant such latitude in this respect as was consistent with his duties.

The offices of the County Recorder, Clerk of Board of Supervisors, and County Treasurer were inspected and their books and accounts with the several County officers, found to be kept in a very creditable manner, alike favorable to the County and present incumbents.

The books of the Justices of the Peace were examined, and their civil and criminal dockets found to be commendable for care and neatness.

In case of Territory of Arizona vs. Jesus Chaves, the Grand Jury recommend a continuance of same to the next Grand Jury, owing to the absence of witnesses.

The Grand Jury further recommend to the Board of Supervisors, that they inquire into the desirability of constructing a suitable vault for the safe protection of the County records against fire; and also, take means to ascertain by what right a toll-gate is constructed on the road from Prescott to Ehrenberg, and toll levied and collected from passengers thereon.

The Grand Jury report, in conclusion, that they have found three true bills; that they in two cases failed to find bills, and have recommended a continuance in one instance, owing to absence of witnesses.

All of which is respectfully submitted.

C. C. BEAN, Foreman.

J. E. Naylor and Melvin were admitted to practice law in the District Court at Phoenix at the late term. Mr. Naylor was a resident of Prescott for a short time last season and we found him a young man of good culture and have no doubt but that he will succeed in the profession which he has chosen.

Mr. and Mrs. Levi Bashford left by A. and N. M. stage yesterday for California and the East, intending to visit the Centennial during the great Exhibition, and return here during the summer or fall. Mr. T. Otto also left by same conveyance with similar intentions.

BY TELEGRAPH.

Special to the Miner by U. S. Military and W. U. Linsell

Chicago, May 11.—General Crook reached Cheyenne yesterday en route to the Indian Agencies where he is going to organize the friendly Indians as an auxiliary force to accompany him against the Sioux. He is waiting for horses and men and the expedition may not march before May 20th. Some of the troops are now marching on Fetterman and the necessary supplies are going forward to that point. A very large emigrant train left Laramie for the Hills yesterday. Recent murders by Indians have made adventures more cautious. The weak trains are delayed at Fort Laramie by troops and not allowed to proceed without sufficient force to resist attack. Captain Egan's command has gone forward to Red Canyon.

Indians fired into a small party near Cheyenne ranch a few days ago, killing an old lady named Leggett, from Louisville, Kentucky, and a horse from under a man of the same party.

New York May 11.—The sudden death by apoplexy or heart disease of Dr. W. W. Hall, of Hall's Journal of Health, last evening has caused much surprise and sorrow among his large circle of friends.

San Francisco, May 15.—The Steamer, City of Panama was run into at the mail dock last night by the Australian steamer Zelandier and injured so as to go to repairs.

A Chinese cigar factory on Commercial street was burned this morning, loss \$5,000, supposed to be set by incendiaries.

Washington, May 15.—Two million dollars were subscribed a few days ago at Philadelphia at a meeting of the stock holders Texas Pacific to close the gap between Dallas and Fort Worth, and Sherman and Paris. It is expected trains will be running on these portions of the road in six months. The road in operation in Texas has paid better than was expected and encouraged them to go forward to the immediate completion of the Texas divisions. The bill to extend the time on the main line will be reported favorably on soon, and with this legislation, whether the bill guaranteeing bonds shall be acted on or not at this session the Company will be well prepared for the future, and it is believed will resume operations in California the coming year. A very cheerful feeling prevails among the friends of the enterprise. Colonel Thomas A. Scott will be the first witness before the Union Pacific investigating committee to-morrow and will give an explanation of the \$64,000 loan. His testimony will prove that Mr. Blaine had nothing to do with it. He promises such details as will satisfy the committee on this point.

Cincinnati, May 16.—Thurman's friends are still confident they will carry the convention or secure an unpledged delegation to the National convention. A meeting is called to-night in the interest of Ex-Governor Allen.

Indianapolis, May 16.—Two or three hundred delegates to the Independent Greenback convention have arrived, claiming to represent 21 states.

Nashville, May 16.—The Republican State Convention meets here to-morrow. East Tennessee delegates are generally in favor of Bristow.

San Diego, May 18.—The Turks have murdered the French and German Consuls at Salonia, Turkey, and attempted the life of the American Consul for attempting to rescue a Turk, who had embraced the Christian religion, from the hands of a mob who sought to kill him.

Laramie City, May 18.—John McGregor, 1st Sergeant, Company K, Second Cavalry, was drowned to-day in Laramie river.

The Committee will report adversely to the admission of New Mexico.

In West Feliciana, Louisiana, the negroes are gathered 4,000 strong and the whites only number 1,500. Fighting has begun and 16 negroes have been killed. The trouble began by a man named Aaronson whipping a negro. The blacks claim that he was killed by Mississippi Regulators, he being in bad odor among them. General Angur has been directed to interfere so far as to support the Sheriff in restoring peace.

San Francisco, May 17.—Gold in New York, 112 1/2. Greenbacks in San Francisco, 89 1/2 @ 90 1/2.

ANOTHER MAGNIFICENT STRUCTURE UNDER CONTRACT.—C. P. Head & Co. have this week let a contract to Campbell & Parker to build an elegant and very extensive brick store on the site of their present location, corner of Montezuma and Gurley street, including the open space lying between there and Dr. Kendall's drug store, and running back to the alley—covering the property formerly owned and occupied by T. Otto as a barber-shop and money-broker's office. The building will be 30 feet front and 125 feet deep. The main sales room fronts on Gurley with side entrances on Montezuma, will be 25x100 feet; the room next to Kendall's, 22x65. Immediately in the rear of this room will be a private office 16x22, and the counting room in the rear of the latter will be 18x22. In the rear of all and fronting on the alley will be the storage room or ware-house extending in length the whole width of the building, 50 feet, this room is to be 25x50 feet. The height of the rooms to the ceiling will be 14 feet with a front elevation above the ceiling of ten feet and 3-foot fire-walls all round. The front is to be ornamented with a heavy brick cornice in two rows, and the front doors and windows of heavy plate-glass, and the openings all protected by the most substantial iron shutters. Mr. Parker has shown us his plans and drawings, from which we make these notes, and it strikes us that for convenience, as a general merchandise establishment, the design is as nearly perfect as human ingenuity could devise. Messrs. Campbell & Parker have built the foundation and brick-work to Messrs. Robinson & Hill, who will proceed immediately with the work with a view to get the walls up in time to get the roof on before the summer rains begin if possible.

A CARD.

I desire to call the attention of the public to certain posters, dated on the 18th inst., and signed by F. D. Parker, Deputy U. S. Marshal, 3d District, Arizona, wherein he says, "David Dodd Chandler, etc., escaped from jail, at Prescott, on the night of May 12th, 1876," etc. Now, the impression made by this statement is utterly false, was so intended, and is as malicious as it is false. Chandler has never been in jail at this place, nor in my custody in any manner whatever. It is true that Mr. Parker was advised to place him in jail for safe keeping, but which advice he saw fit to ignore; he was also notified by the U. S. District Attorney, two or three days before the escape of the prisoner, that efforts were being made to secure his escape, but Mr. Parker failed to take any steps to prevent it. Furthermore, the general impression of those who know the fact is, that Parker, being advised of the intended escape, by good authority, and failing to take any steps to prevent it, was in connivance with it. At all events, it will readily be seen from the above facts that the prisoner escaped (if he did escape at all) from Mr. Parker, and not from the jail at Prescott.

ED. F. BOWERS,
Sheriff of Yavapai County.

Prescott, May 15, 1876.

DIED.

In Prescott, May 18, 1876, of typhoid pneumonia, Mrs. Mattie E. Cook, beloved wife of Hon. E. J. Cook, aged 34 years.

New York and California papers please copy.

PRESCOTT POST OFFICE.

Arrivals and Departures of Mails.

ARRIVE.	DEPART.
From California, Eastern States, and Southern Arizona, Mondays and Thursdays.	Tuesday at 5 P. M. and Saturday at 5 P. M.
Mineral Park, Cerbat and points in Mohave.	Saturdays at 7 A. M.
From Santa Fe (New Mexico), via Fort Wingate and Defiance and Camp Verde.	Tuesday & Friday, 8 P. M.
From Wickenburg, via Walnut Grove, Bradshaw and Noyes Mills.	Sundays at 6 P. M.
Office hours from 8 A. M. to 7 P. M.	Money order office hours from 9 A. M. to 3 P. M.
Registration closes at 3 P. M.	Office open Sundays from 9 to 10 A. M.
No money orders issued or paid on Sundays.	THEO. W. OTIS, P. M.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Freight Four Cents.

GEORGE YOUNG is prepared to bring freight from Ehrenberg to Prescott at the rate of FOUR CENTS per pound.

JOHN ROBINSON. JACK MILL.

ROBINSON & HILL,
Contractors and Builders
IN BRICK AND STONE.

Stone Cutting, Plastering, Cornishing, and all ornamental work in these lines promptly and neatly executed.

Tombstones and Marble Ornaments made to order.

SMELTING FURNACES, VAULTS, OVENS, and all kinds of brick and stone work, and plastering, built and warranted.

Terms, Reasonable.

Prescott, May 19, 1876.

NEW ENTERPRISE.

I hereby notify the public that I have

OPENED MY NEW SHOP,

ON THE

Corner Gurley & McCormick Sts.,

And am now prepared to do all kinds of

BLACKSMITHING

WAGON & CARRIAGE WORK,

HORSESHOEING & MULESHOEING

Etc., Etc., Etc.

JOHN HARTIN.

Prescott, May 19, 1876.

GREAT SALE OF

DRY GOODS.

TO BE SOLD AT

PUBLIC AUCTION,

Without Reserve,

To the Highest Bidder

SALE TO COMMENCE ON

SATURDAY, MAY 13th, 1876,

At 2 o'clock, P. M.,

AT DREW'S STORE,

And to continue every Saturday

until the entire stock is

closed out.

Remember this is the last chance the ladies of Prescott will have of buying Dry Goods at their own price.

H. PETTIBONE & CO.

May 12, 1876.

Slaughter!! Slaughter!!

Bargains!! Bargains!!

Having just received a large and well selected stock of the latest styles of

Dry Goods, Clothing, Etc., Etc.,

Also a large and fresh stock of

GROCERIES, LIQUORS & CIGARS,

We now offer them to the public and our patrons at ruinously low prices. We positively assure parties wishing to purchase that for bargains go to

THE CALIFORNIA STORE.

CHEAP JOHN.

French Calico, 4 yards for..... \$1.00

American Prints 5 yards for..... 1.00

Empress Cloth per yard..... 90

Alpaca per yard..... 75

Muslin per yard..... 60 to 75

Sheeting 10-4 (per yard)..... 62 to 75

Ladies' shoes per pair..... \$3.00 to \$4.50

Children's shoes per pair..... 2.00 to 3.00

Men's Boots per pair..... 6.00 to 10.00

B. ELLIS & CO.

Prescott, May 12, 1876.

For Sale.

A dwelling house and lot, on Montezuma street, opposite Dr. McCandless' office. Terms cash. Apply at the house.

ROAD STATION RECEIPTS,

PRINTED IN DUE FORM

FOR SALE AT MINER OFFICE.

L. BASHFORD & CO'S COLUMN

Levi Bashford. Rob't. E. Barnister. Wm. C. Bashford.

L. BASHFORD & CO.,

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

GENERAL MERCHANDISE

We invite an inspection of our Carefully Selected Stock of

Dry Goods,

Dress Goods,

Dress Trimmings,

Ladies' Underwear,

Ladies' Hose, including

Balbriggan, English,

Striped and Colored.

Children's Hose, in great variety;

Corsets, Corset Trimmings,

Collars, Cuffs, Ruchings,

Ruffings, Embroidery,

Insertions, Laces,

Fancy Toilet Articles,

Ribbons & Jewelry.

GROCERIES & PROVISIONS.

Teas, Sugars, Coffees,

Canned Fruits & Vegetables,

Whole and Ground Spices,

Alders Dried Fruits,

California Dried Peas,

Peaches, Apples, Grapes,

Pitted Plums, Currants,

Washing and Toilet Soaps,

Canned Honey, strained and in comb,

Candles, Crackers, Nuts,

Raisins, Bacon, Lard,

Butter, Cheese, and Eggs,

Potatoes, Corn, Flour, Etc., Etc.

HARDWARE.

IN GREAT VARIETY.

For Mechanics, Miners,

Mill Men and Artisans,

Flows, Flow Steels, Scythes,

Rakes, Bellow, Anvils Axes,

Shovels, Hammers, Sledges,

Picks, Chisels, Files, Saws,

Drills, Planes, Screws, Nails,

CARRIAGE & WAGON MATERIAL.

Spokes, Hubs, Felloes,

Rims, Axles, Tongues,

Neck-yokes, Single & Doubletrees

Iron and Steel.

Tire Iron and steel,

All Kinds and Sizes,

Drill Steel, Toe Steel,

Pick Steel, Shoe Steel,

Band Iron, Hoop Iron,

Hub Iron and Nail Rod,

Carriage and Tire Bolts,

Nuts Washers, and Tacks,

Horse Shoes, Mule Shoes,

Ox Shoes, Ox Nails, Horse Nails,

Giant, Blasting and Rifle Powder,

Shot, Bullets, Stoves, Tinware,

CLOCKS,

Lamps and Chimneys,

Woodenware, and Willowware,

Glassware, Crockery, Stone China.

BOOTS AND SHOES.

Ladies' and Gents', Misses' and Children's,

Youths' and Infants'—All kinds

and sizes, and All prices.

CLOTHING

To suit all tastes—Cardigan Jacket Over-

coats, Gents' Undershirts, and

Drawers of every description.

GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS.

Collars, Neckties,